한국의 결핵관리사업에 있어서 민간단체와 정부와의 관계

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대한결핵협회는 1953년에 설립 되어서 정부결핵사업을 계속 협조했고 그 활동은 신속하게 성장했다. 그래서 1971년도의 예산관계를 따져 보면 정부의 결핵사업 총예산의 약 43%에 도달해서 결핵사업 각분야에 관여되지 않은 데가 없으며 특히 결핵협회의 중앙검사소는 결핵균점사와 연구에 있어서 국내에서 유일한 권위적 존재가 되었다.

협회와 정부와의 관계는 현재 아주 밀접해졌기 때문에 협회는 정부를 협조하는 정도가 아니고 완전한 동업자가 되고 만 감이 있게 되었다. 한국의 결핵문제는 아직도 매우 심각하고 보건문제 중에서 아직도 제일 중요한 급선무의 하나인데도 불구하고 한국정부의 결핵예산은 1969년도 부터는 거의 제자리 걸음을 하고 있다 결핵협회 역시도 초기에 급속한 성장기는 이미 지났고 최근에는 모금사업에 상당한 저항을 느끼게 되었으며 사설단체가 할 수 있는 협조능력에 한도가 있다는 것

을 깨닫게 되었다고 할 수 있다. 그런데 이론적으로나 실제로 있어서 이미 잘 규정된 사업들은 결국 정부가 충분한 예산을 가지고 운영해 나가는 것이 당연한 일이고 현재와 같은 결핵협회의 협조만 가지고는 그 일들이 완수될 수는 없다는 것이 명백한 일이다. 그러므로 금후에는 정부가 좀더 노력해서 결핵사업의 예산을 충분히 증액하므로써 결핵협회의 더 많은 협조만을 의뢰하지 않고도 규정된 결핵사업들을 계속해 나갈 수 있게 되어야 할 것이고 이것은 국가의 발전에 따라서 당연히 이뤄질 수 있는 것이다. 결핵협회는 무한하게 발전될 수도 없고 또 그렇게 계속적으로 비대해져서는 안될 것이므로 한정된 자원과 한정된 능력을 가질 수 밖에 없는 자발적인 사설단체로서의 본연의 임무인 기동성 있는 선구자적 역할을 통해서 정부의 결핵사업을 자극하고 인도하고 평가하는데 충분한 노력을 경주할 수 있게 되어야 할 것이다.

The Interrelationship Between the Voluntary Association And the Government in Tuberculosis Control Work in Korea

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1) The brief history of Korean National Tuberculosis Association.(KNTA)

The Voluntary Korean Tuberculosis Association(KNTA) was officially established in 1953 by several thoughtfull physicians.

The next year, 1954, it joined to IUAT and

since has been growing continuously.

It started mass X-ray survey by the mobile unit in 1956.

It's Bacteriological Laboratory began to work since 1962.

By this time the KNTA's activity became a very remarkable one and the fund raising

business by the sale of Christmas Seal began to grow very fast.

In 1963 the amount of the sale jumped up to more than double of the previous one and then it continued to increase likewise tempo untill 1969. when it reached to about 20 times of 1962 or almost 100 times of 1954.

This means that it has been well accepted and well supported by the Korean peoples as well as by the Korean Government recognizing the necessity of KNTA and it's good accomplishment in the tuberculosis control works.

However since 1970 KNTA began to feel some resistance against it's fund raising campaign and this is thought to be the time to realize that the private voluntary organization like KNTA would not or should not grow so fast forever.

2) The relationship with the government and the limitation of it's capacity.

As the KNTA fund raising increased it's assistantships to the government in the tuberculosis control works also increased rapidly and it became to be the big coworker in every field.

For example, in 1971 the financial and technical involvements of KNTA in the practical tuberculosis control works are so high that the many kinds of the surveys, educations for the field workers, and central laboratory works were almost 100% carried out by KNTA alone.

Also many kinds of subsidies for tuberculosis control medical officers and nurses and other field workers were paid by KNTA.

Furthermore the government is planning to transfer the BCG production laboratory to KNTA's full responsibility.

However the point of limitation in KNTA'S capacity of assistantship to the government is appeared to be rather near when judging from the status of feeling the resistance on it's fund raising campaign recently. On the other hand one must also re-evaluate the proper task capable by the voluntary organization like KNTA and remind the government for the responsibility

in the tuberculosis control works, which is still very important in Korea. The tuberculosis is a chronic infectious disease wide spread in the nation with a prevalence rate of 4.2% and the estimated mortality rate of about 80 per 100,000 population.

3) The probable important role of the voluntary organization.

Each volutary organization has it's own purpose and KNTA also should have own.

However any voluntary organization working in the health field has a common aim, that is, to assist governmental works voluntarity as an initiator of the new projects by it's freer.

Workability than the government and as a suppoter of governmental policies if agreed upon.

The world is progressing and the problems of health must be met by better solubility. For this the government must have the full responsibility after all. And the voluntary organization would be an assisting fellow to the government.

For an example, if there comes a sudden flood or a fire, the initial emergency works would be always performed by some of volunteers near by, it must be followed by a systematic large scale measures of the responsible government to result a full recovery and to establish and effective prevention of those unwanted damages. Thus the volunteers role in the emergency is a very definitely limited one as an initiator of the situation.

The control works of a chronic disease like tuberculosis could not be simply compared with such accident, however the role of voluntary organization as an in itiator would be the same as ever and it could never be the government like fully responsible administrator by it self.

Now if we look into our KNTA's activity in the works of tuberculosis control, it's commitments became too large beyond it's proper capacity in a sense.

We hope that the government would take over those well established or routine works of

tuberculosis control by proper increase of governmental budget.

The governmental officers in the health field also well aware of this problem, but the national budget allocation for tuberculosis as well as total health services are too small than what we normally required.

The reasons of this have been frequently explained that because of the country's poor resources and too large expenditures for the military preparations forced by the internal crises and by the international war politics as well. Now, fortunately, the moods of peace in this country appeared to come in along with the international affairs and the productivity of the nation has been also much increased since.

This must be taken as the time of starting point leading to rapid improvement of health budgets with a priority for tuberculosis control, since it is the most serious kind of problems at present in Korea. In this case, naturally the KNTA must play an active role in assisting the efforts of the governmental officers of the health at the budgetary campaigns by giving an effective influence to the responsible sections as requested.

The necessity of proper services for tuberculosis control must be taken not only as a final goal of a nation in fully developed welfare state, instead, it would be an urgent prerequisite service properly provided by the government, if the government wants to have a normal development, physically as well as economically.

4) The future plans of KNTA

Knowing that the KNTA must perform voluntarily the important roles of the initiator and act as a supporter of the governmental policies for the betterment of the peoples health in Korea, it should continue the strong efforts as ever.

However the heavy burdens of present involvements of routine practical works in the tuberculosis control should be decreased gradually as the government increases its budget properly.

Actually, The KNTA started a system of a research institution of tuberculosis in 1970 to prepare the future roles of the KNTA. It would act as a fact finder and also as a policy maker in the control of tuberculosis in Korea to assist the government.

Its main directions of the research for a time being would be toward to the improvement of the effects of present fieldworks of tuberculosis control and to assist rapid increase of government tuberculosis budget by transferring and introducing the serious informations of tuberculosis to the responsible persons.

Those problems are, as we all aware of, not so easy in any country, however, after all it is our task to overcome with the continuous efforts we promised to do so as we gathered to form a voluntary organization of the KNTA.

We have no doubt you, the Members of IUAT would give us the encouragement for the success sooner.

Thank you for your listening.

10월유신 이룩하여

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